

beBRCAware

YOU KNOW YOUR BREAST CANCER SUBTYPE, BUT

DO YOU KNOW YOUR *BRCA* STATUS?

Knowing if you have a mutation in one of your *BRCA* genes, like you know your breast cancer subtype, can make a difference in your treatment **if you have triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC) or hormone receptor (HR)-positive breast cancer**. Ask your doctor about getting tested to learn your *BRCA* status.



Not a real patient.



Not a real patient.

BRCA by the Numbers

About 1 in 10 people with breast cancer has a *BRCA* mutation.



Who Should Consider *BRCA* Mutation Testing?

Guidelines* recommend germline *BRCA* mutation testing at breast cancer diagnosis:

- For **all newly diagnosed patients who are 65 years or younger**, and
- For **select people older than 65 years** based on personal history, family history, ancestry, or eligibility for certain targeted treatment options

A family history of certain cancers, such as breast, ovarian, and prostate cancers, may suggest that a *BRCA* mutation runs in your family.

Genetic testing can help you understand your risk of developing certain cancers. This can help you and your provider make informed healthcare decisions.

*Guidelines from the American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) and the Society of Surgical Oncology (SSO).

Talk to your healthcare team about getting *BRCA* mutation tested. Knowing your results could help you find a treatment that may be right for you.

WHEN IT COMES TO *BRCA* MUTATION TESTING—

DON'T WAIT.

- Getting a *BRCA* mutation test early can give your doctor important information that can help you get the treatment that's tailored for you
- Even if you've already started cancer treatment, you can still talk to your healthcare team to see if you should consider genetic *BRCA* mutation testing
- If you have a *BRCA* mutation, you may be eligible for a targeted treatment called a PARP inhibitor



Not a real patient.

What questions should I ask my healthcare team?

What are *BRCA* mutations?

Who should get *BRCA* mutation tested?

How are men impacted by *BRCA* mutations?

What's the process of getting *BRCA* mutation tested?

Will my insurance cover *BRCA* mutation testing?

If you have cancer:

- Am I eligible for *BRCA* mutation testing?
- When should I be tested for *BRCA* mutations?
- How can my *BRCA* results influence my treatment plan?
- Could my family members have a *BRCA* mutation?
- How do I talk to my family about getting genetic testing for *BRCA* mutations?

If you don't have cancer:

- What happens if I do have a *BRCA* mutation?
- What are the pros and cons of knowing my *BRCA* mutation status?
- Should my family members get tested if I have a *BRCA* mutation?

NOTES



Ask your doctor about *BRCA* mutation testing and visit [beBRCAware.com](https://www.beBRCAware.com) to learn more

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